

Usability-testing the receipt scanning function

Informational meeting on November 22nd 2024

Smart Survey Implementation – WP 2.3

German test results



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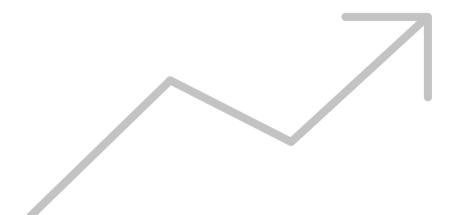








Objectives & test setup



Objectives

Testing a receipt scanner prototype (OCR microservice)

Research Questions

ACCEPTANCE

Are users willing to use a smart feature to record their receipts?

USABILITY

How easy is the use of the receipt scanner as part of an app?



Screenshot – Taking a photo within the app for OCR



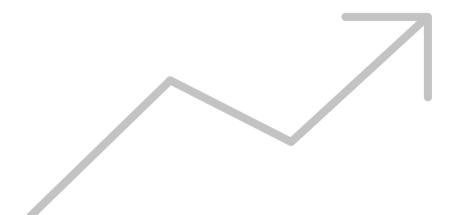
Screenshot – Scan result in the household diary

Qualitative usability interviews

- >> 19 individual interviews conducted
 - >>> Participants varied in sex, age, education
 - >> Use of own device
 - >> Tasks to enter purchases via scanning receipts and manual entry
- » Survey period: 16th to 26th of July 2024
- » Carried out inhouse in Federal Statistical Office (Wiesbaden, Germany)
- » Time frame: 90 minutes
- » Incentive: 40,00 EUR



Results



Scanning is the preferred input option

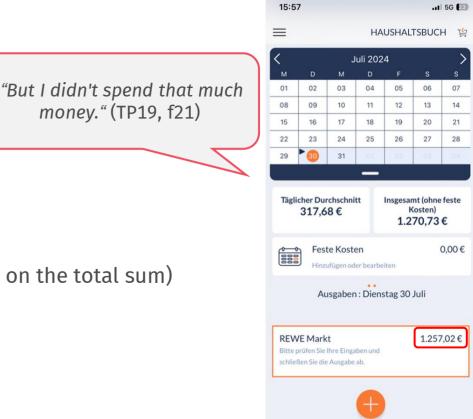
- » All participants generally prefer the scan option over the manual input
 - » Handling is faster & easier (if scan results are correct)
 - Participants are not willing to type in all the information manually
 - » Participants are used to scan functions
 - » No concerns regarding trust or privacy
- » High trust & expectations in scanner results

"I would throw away receipts after scanning and no longer check them. I would trust the app to get the results right." (TP12, f33) "In any case, scanning is better if it doesn't take forever and doesn't make too many mistakes." (TP01, m66)

"I'm happier with scanning because you don't have to enter so much." (TP19, f21)

Errors in scan results

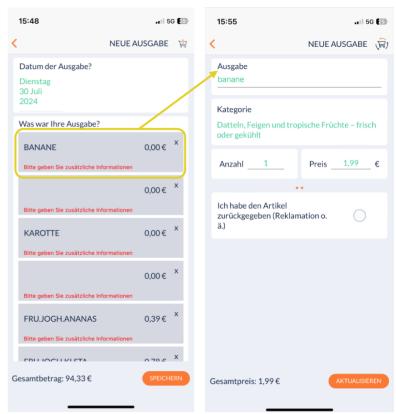
- >> Errors in scan results occured frequently
 - (reason: OCR algorithm was not trained enough)
 - Wrong prices
 - >> Typos in product names
 - » Resulting in a high correction effort
- Most participants notice incorrect scan results (based on the total sum)
 - >> However, they do not correct errors as a matter of course



Why participants do not correct results (1/2)

- Correction takes too much effort & is considered too time-consuming
 - Most correct some errors
 - » But would not want to correct all products
 - >> Especially if it is only about minor deviations in price or minor typos

"For large purchases, it would be very exhausting to correct everything." (TP18, f32)



Why participants do not correct results (2/2)

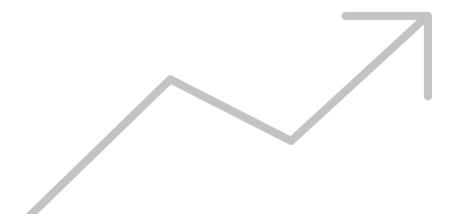
- » Many do not add missing COICOP categories
 - >> Product categories are not considered relevant
 - Adding a category to each product is considered too much work
 - Some expect the app to fill this in itself

"I actually thought that the app would do the categorization automatically. It's a bit tiring." (TP10, m18) "It goes into too much detail, which is not relevant." (TP15, f59)





Conclusion



Conclusion

- 1) The scan function is the preferred input option
 - >> It is a common, fast and easy way to record receipts (if results are correct)
- 2) The current level of maturity of the scan function prototype is not satisfactory
 - Scan results are prone to errors
 - » No automatically assigned COICOPs
- 3) Respondents expect a flawlessly working scanner function
 - » Additional work (correcting errors & COICOPs) is not accepted
 - Scanning function needs to be as intuitive and easy to use as possible

Learnings

- >> The scanning function is the right way to go to reduce respondent burden
 - >> Further development needed
- » Scanner results (OCR): further training with more training data is crucial
 - » Receipts needed
- » COICOP category assignment should not be shifted to respondents
 - » either automated assignment as part of the receipt scanner
 - » or assignment later in NSIs



Thank you for your attention

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The team behind the study

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