Large Language Models and SDMX: From Natural Language to Structured Stats



2024 SDMX Experts Workshop - 07/10/2024



WHO AM I?

ALESSANDRO BENEDETTI

- Born in **Tarquinia** (ancient Etruscan city in Italy)
- R&D Software Engineer
- Director
- Master degree in Computer Science
- PC member for ECIR, SIGIR and Desires
- Apache Lucene/Solr PMC member/committer
- Elasticsearch/OpenSearch expert
- Semantic search, NLP, Machine Learning technologies passionate
- Beach Volleyball player and Snowboarder







SEArch SErvices

- Headquarter in London/distributed
- **Open-source** Enthusiasts
- Apache Lucene/Solr experts
- Elasticsearch/OpenSearch experts
- Community Contributors
- Active Researchers

HOT TRENDS:

- Large Language Models Applications
- Vector-based (Neural) Search
- Natural Language Processing
- Learning To Rank
- Document Similarity
- Search Quality Evaluation
- Relevance Tuning



<u>www.sease.io</u>







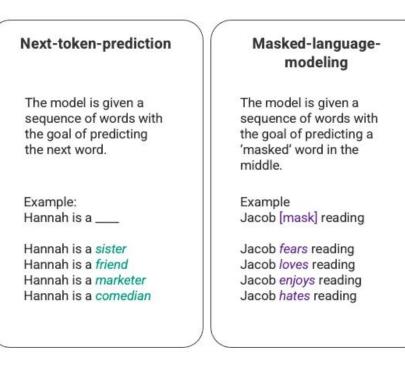




WHAT IS A LARGE LANGUAGE MODEL



- Next-token-prediction and masked-language-modeling
- Estimate the likelihood of each possible word (in its vocabulary) given the previous sequence
- Learn the statistical structure of language
- Pre-trained on huge quantities of text
- Fine-tuned for different tasks (Following Instructions)





https://towardsdatascience.com/how-chatgpt-works-the-models-behind-the-bot-1ce5fca96286





VOCABULARY MISMATCH PROBLEM

- Terms matching between the query and the documents.
 - false positive: docs retrieved (terms match) but the information need is not satisfied
 - false negative: docs not retrieved (terms don't match) but there was the information need in the corpus → zero result query

SEMANTIC SIMILARITY

- Same terms different meaning: How old are you? How are you?
- **Different terms same meaning**: How old are you? What is your age?

DISAMBIGUATION

• Same term in two totally different contexts assume totally different meanings







There are some lexical solutions to these:

Manually curated

• Synonyms, Hypernyms, Hyponyms

Algorithmic

- Stemming, lemmatization
- Knowledge Base disambiguation



These solutions are expensive to maintain and do not guarantee high quality results. We can do better!

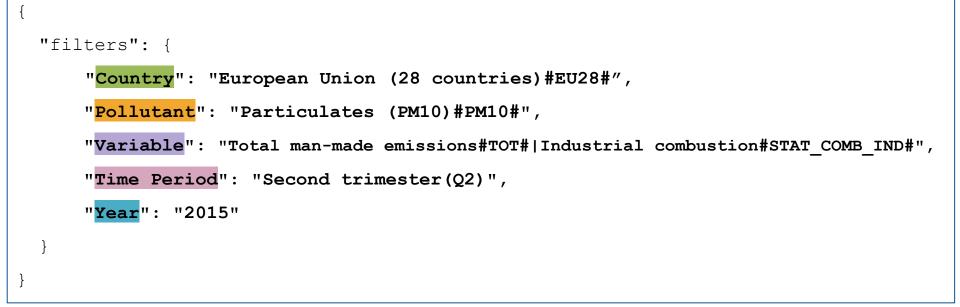




NATURAL LANGUAGE QUERY PARSING



PM10 levels produced by industries in the European Community in May 2015









We have been working with SDMX sponsor organisations to exploit a LLM in order to:

- **Disambiguate** the meaning of a user's natural language query
- Extract the relevant information from it
- Use the extracted information to implement a structured Solr query







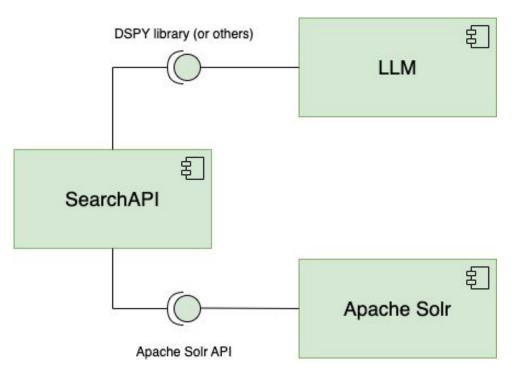






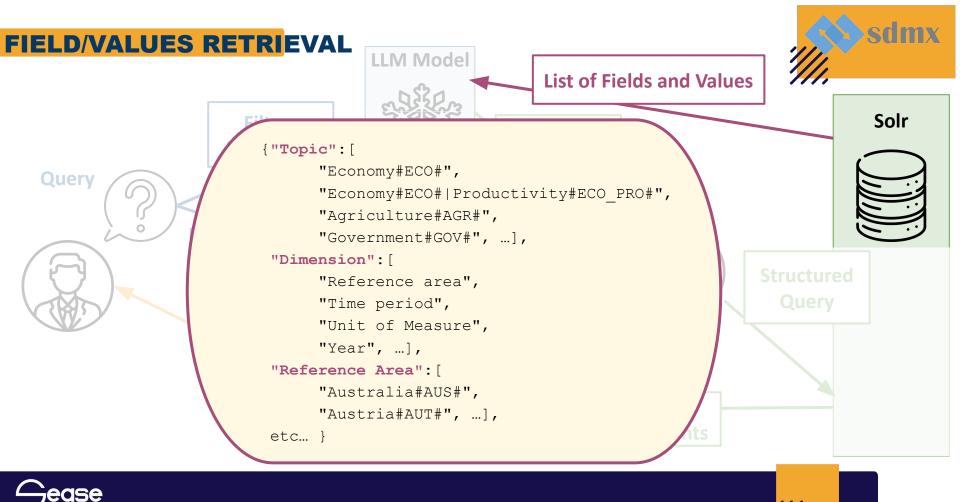


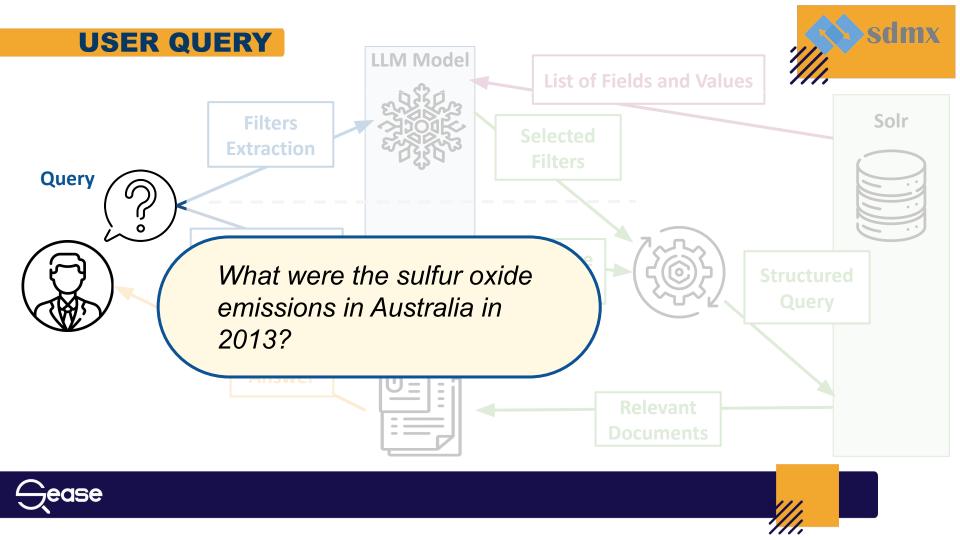


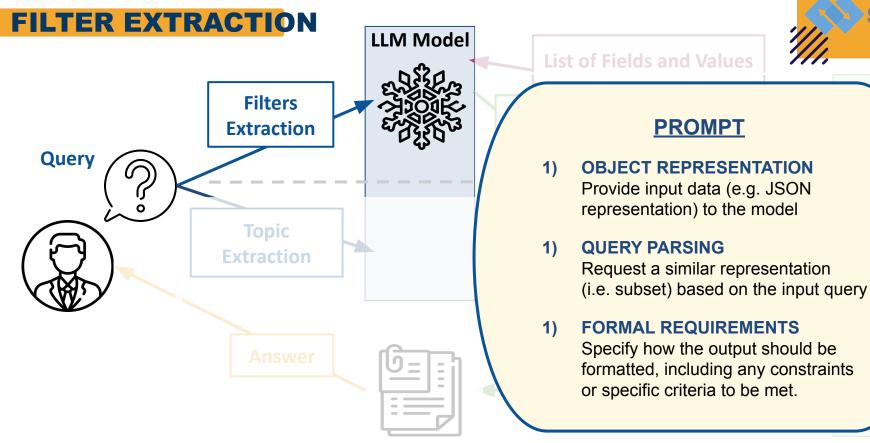








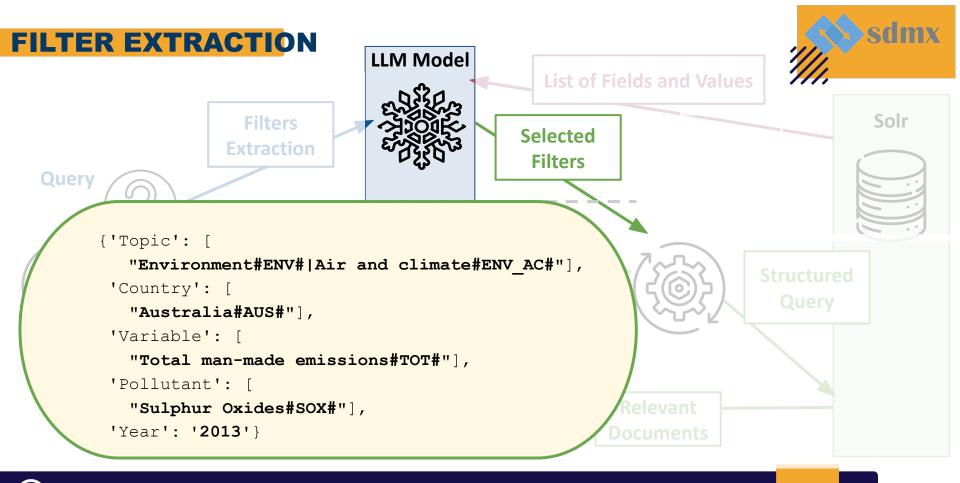






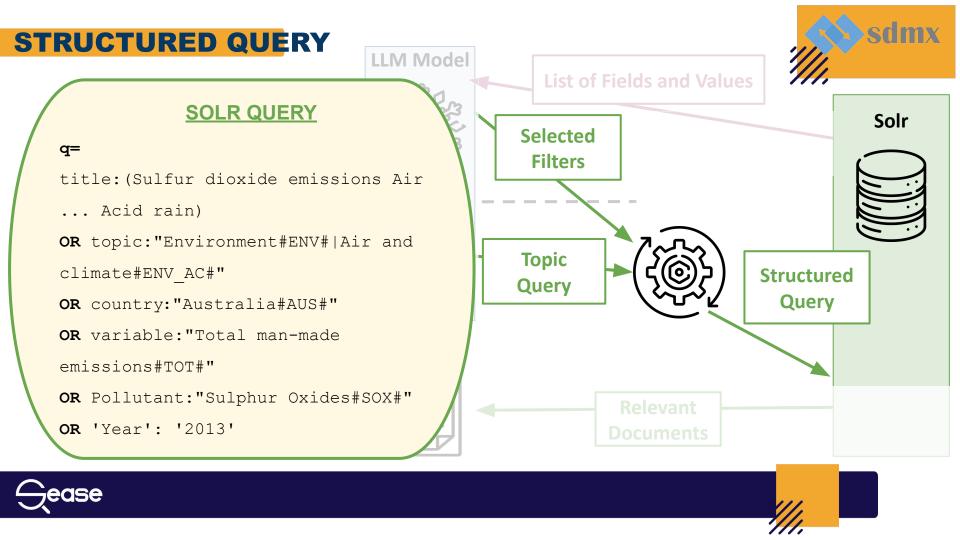


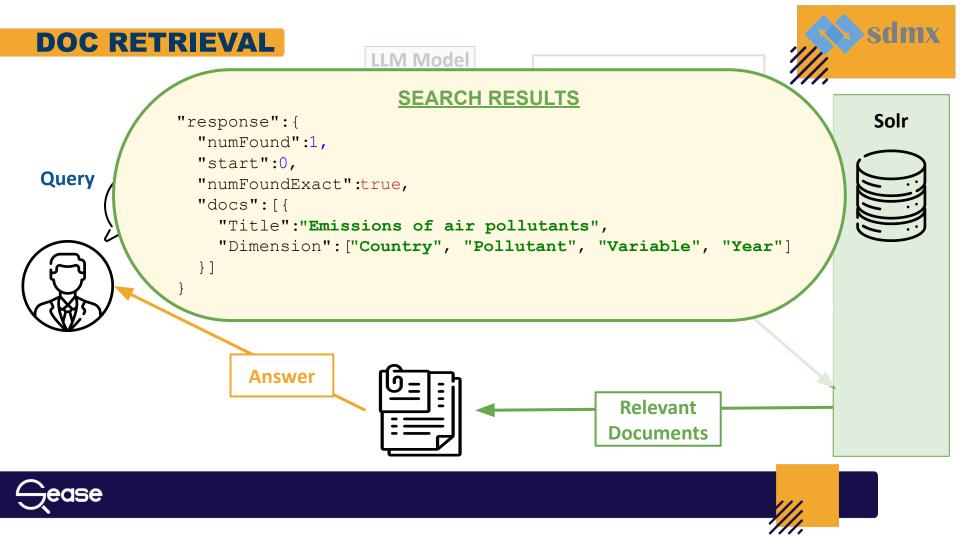
sdmx



What were the sulfur oxide emissions in Australia in 2013?

ase













MODEL CONSIDERATIONS



- [Model Selection]: <u>https://platform.openai.com/docs/models/gpt-4-turbo-and-gpt-4</u>
- [Rationale for Current Choice]: No deep evaluations or comparisons with alternative models happened in the POC
- [Future Works]:
 - Explore, analyze and compare generalist models
 - Potentially undertake **our own fine-tuning** for the specific extractive task





• Overcome the lexical matching

land of kangaroos \rightarrow [Country] AUSTRALIAtobacco consumption \rightarrow [Topic] SMOKING/RISK FACTORS FOR HEALTH







Explainability for selected filters

Analyze input text: "cost per square meter for family houses in italy"

cost per square meter \rightarrow pricing or valuation \rightarrow 'Priced unit' or 'Value'

 \rightarrow type of property \rightarrow 'Real estate type'

italy

. . .

family houses

 \rightarrow location

 \rightarrow 'Reference area' or 'Borrowers' country'

We need to identify which dimensions and their corresponding values are most relevant to the input text **"cost per square meter for family houses in italy"**. To do this, we will look for dimensions that are directly related to real estate, housing, or geographic location, specifically within Italy.







Explainability for selected filter

Analyze input text: "cost per squar

cost per square meter \rightarrow pricing o

family houses

 \rightarrow type of p

italy

 \rightarrow location

Integrate as an "Assistant" feature

IDEA!

to guide users in choosing the most suitable filters







- Promising potential in early results (POCs):
 - good **results** (using a commercial out-of-the-box model!)
 - **straightforward** implementation for such a challenging and **complex task**
 - model's **adaptability** to the context









LIMITATIONS



LLM weaknesses in the language/query semantic comprehension

LLM weaknesses in complying with:

- the problem definition
- the required output format













THE ROAD TO PRODUCTION



• [UX] Design the user experience

- Filtering assistance?
- Transparent query parsing?
- [LLM] Select the best model to date
 - Can we fine-tune promising models specifically for the task?
- [LLM] Refine the prompts according to the model
 - Can we reduce functional and formal errors?





THE ROAD TO PRODUCTION



- [LLM] Implement integration tests with the most common failures \rightarrow LLM/prompt engineering to solve them
- [LLM] Study additional libraries to make the prompt more "programmed" and "automatically tuned" and less "trial-and-error"
 - Highly depend on the LLM available
- [Performance] Stress test the solution
- [Quality] Set up queries/expected documents









THANK YOU!



SCAN ME





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