



Service contract ESTAT 2021.0400 – Multi-MNO project

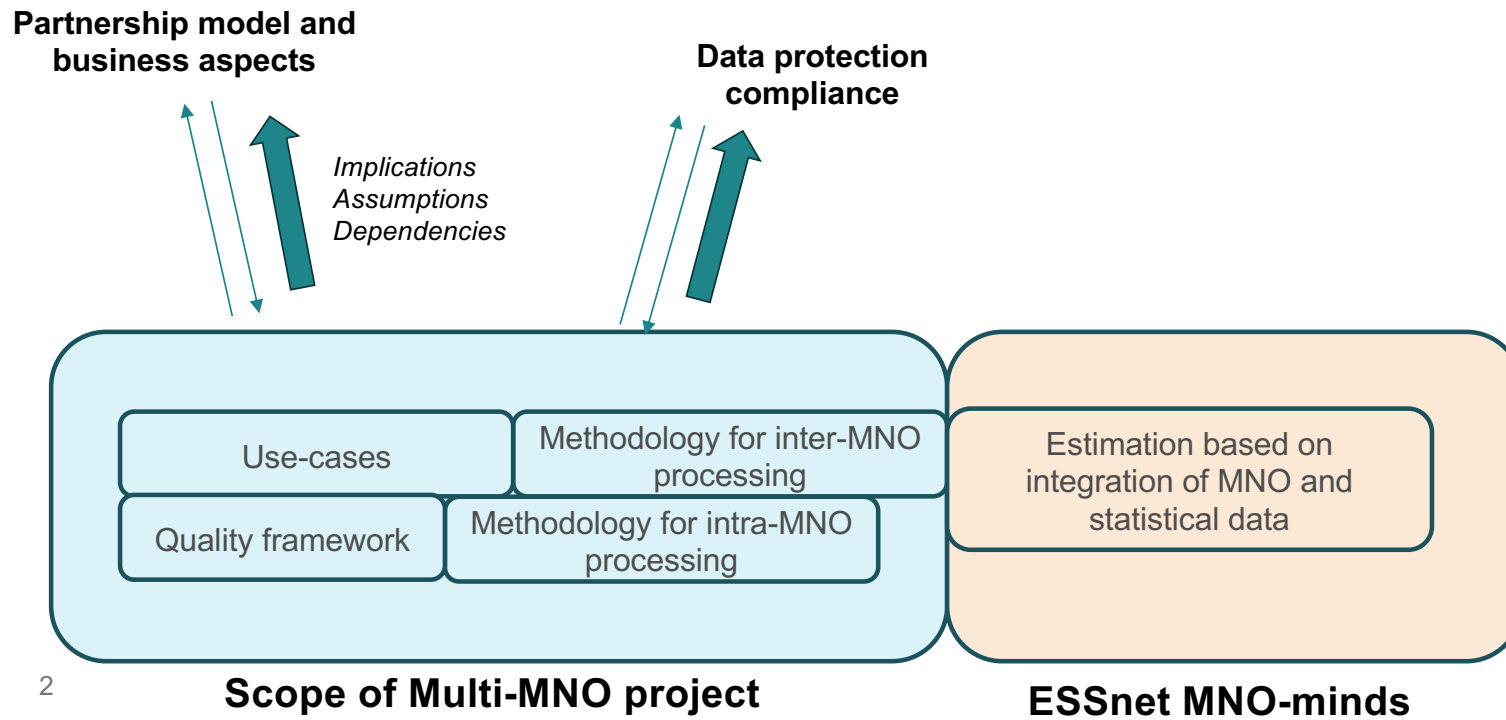
# Feedback to first round of comments by the Advisory Board

*Fabio Ricciato*

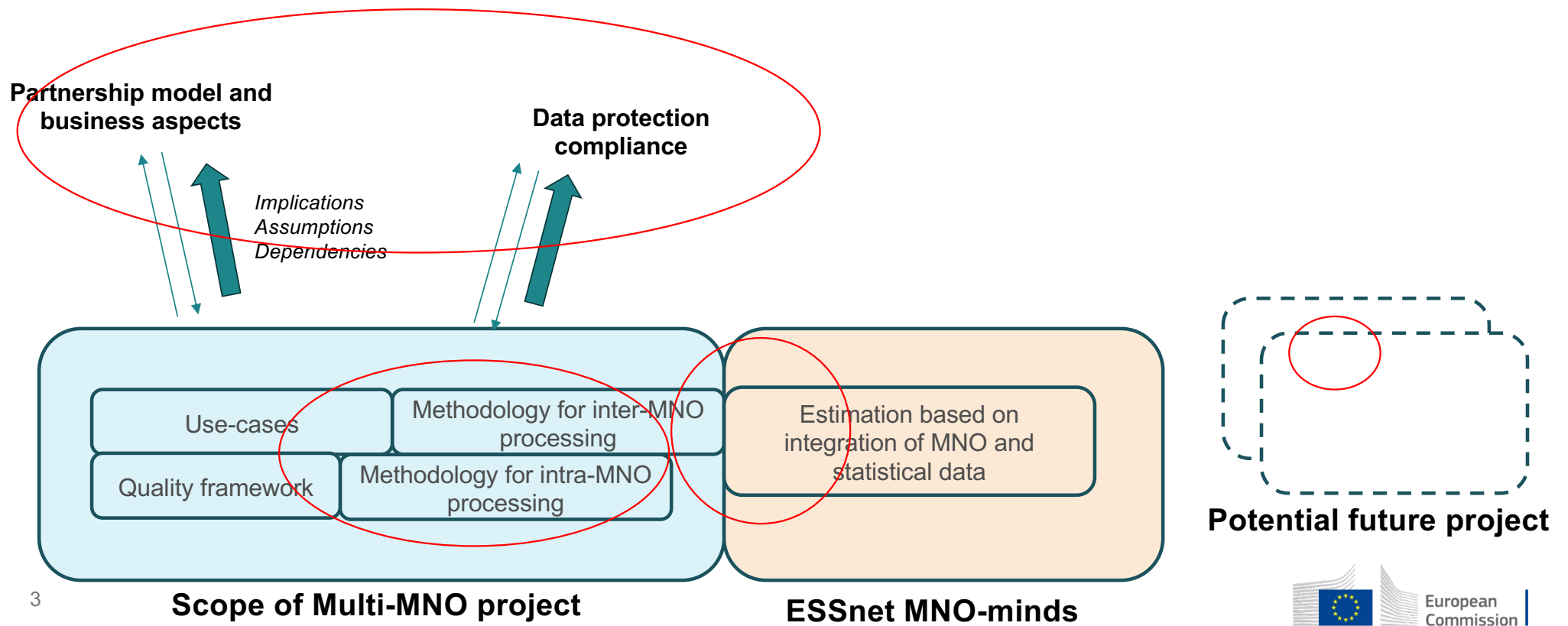
*Eurostat - Unit A5 Methodology; Innovation in Official Statistics*

*Physical meeting of Multi-MNO Advisory Board - Rome, 6. May 2024*

# Content and context



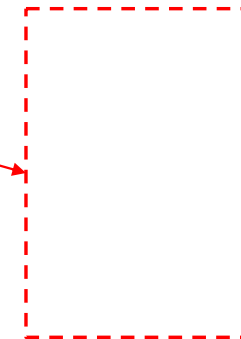
# Content and context



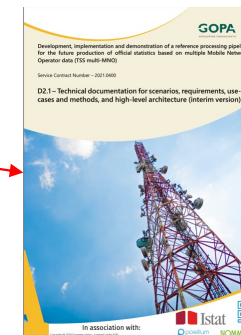
# Content and context



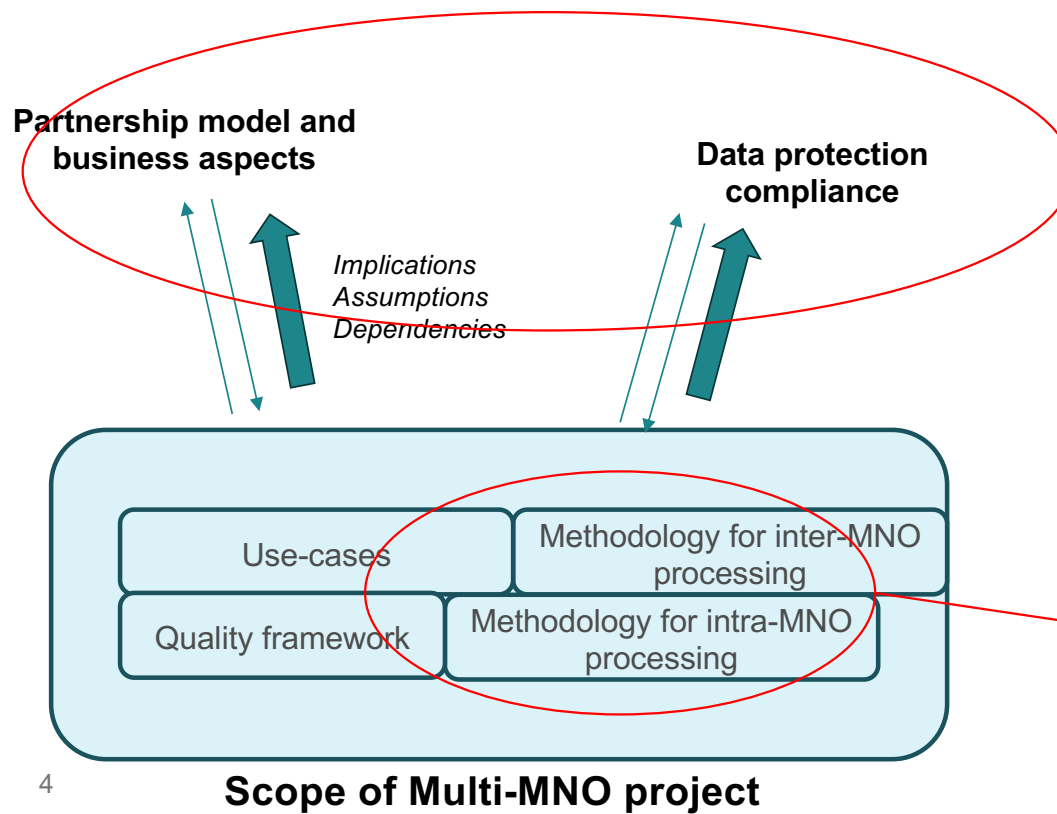
**TF MNO position paper**



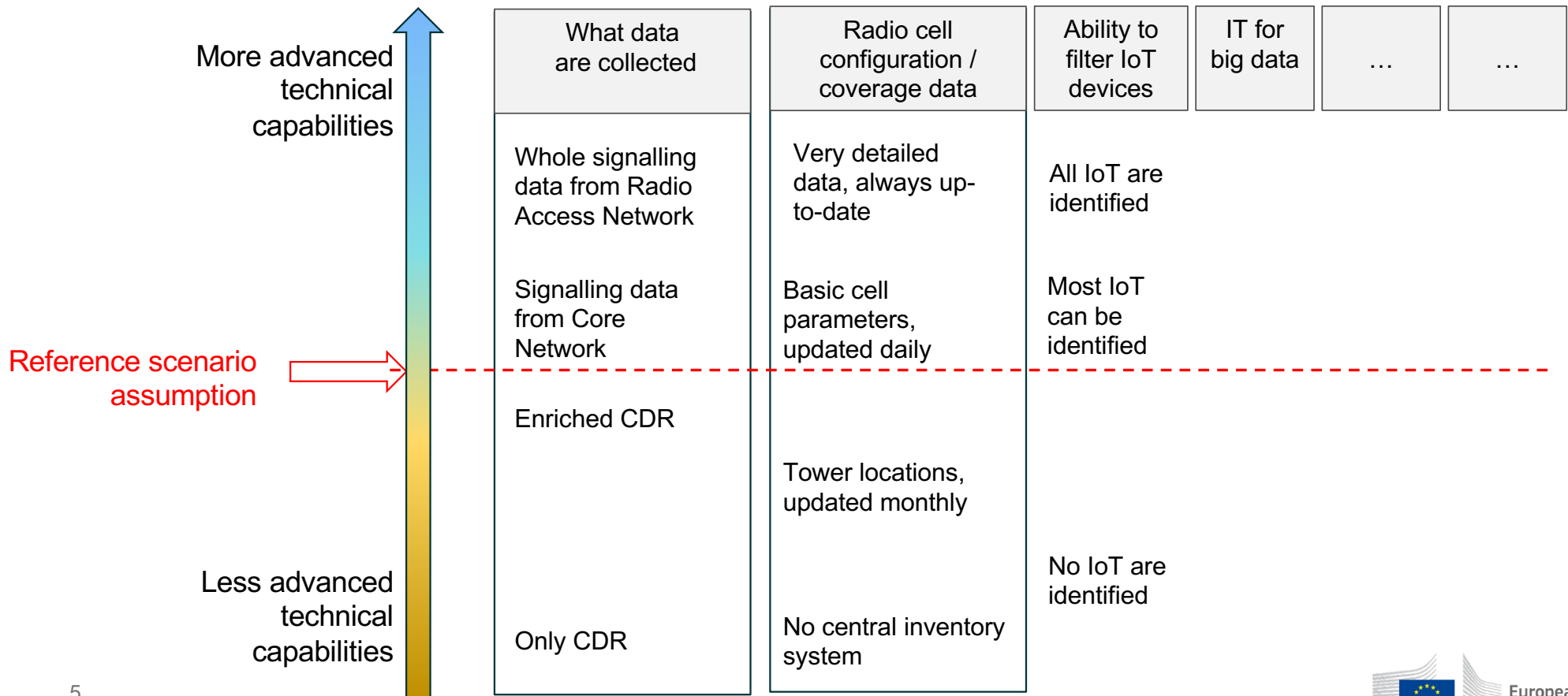
**New paper or report to be drafted (resp: Eurostat)**



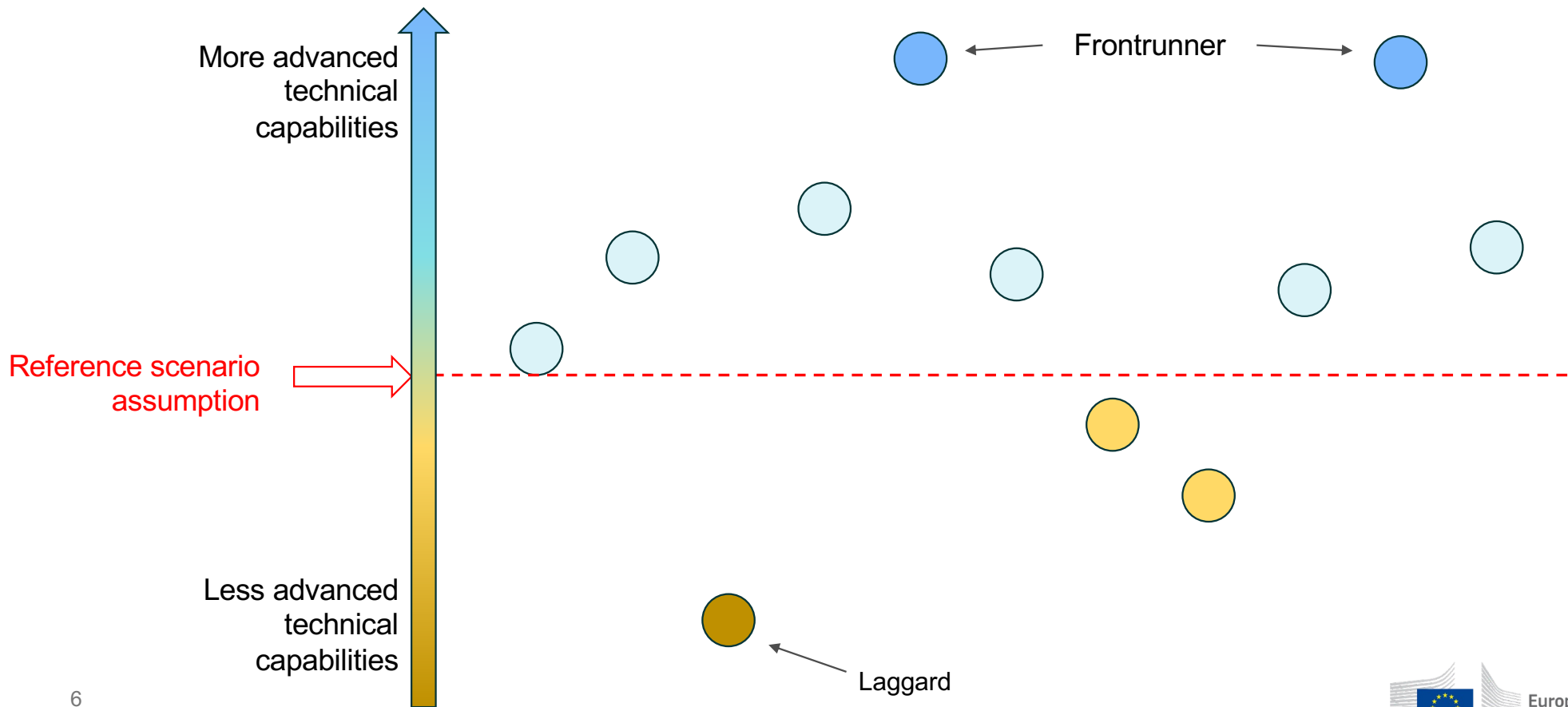
**Project deliverables (e.g. D2.1, D3.1)**



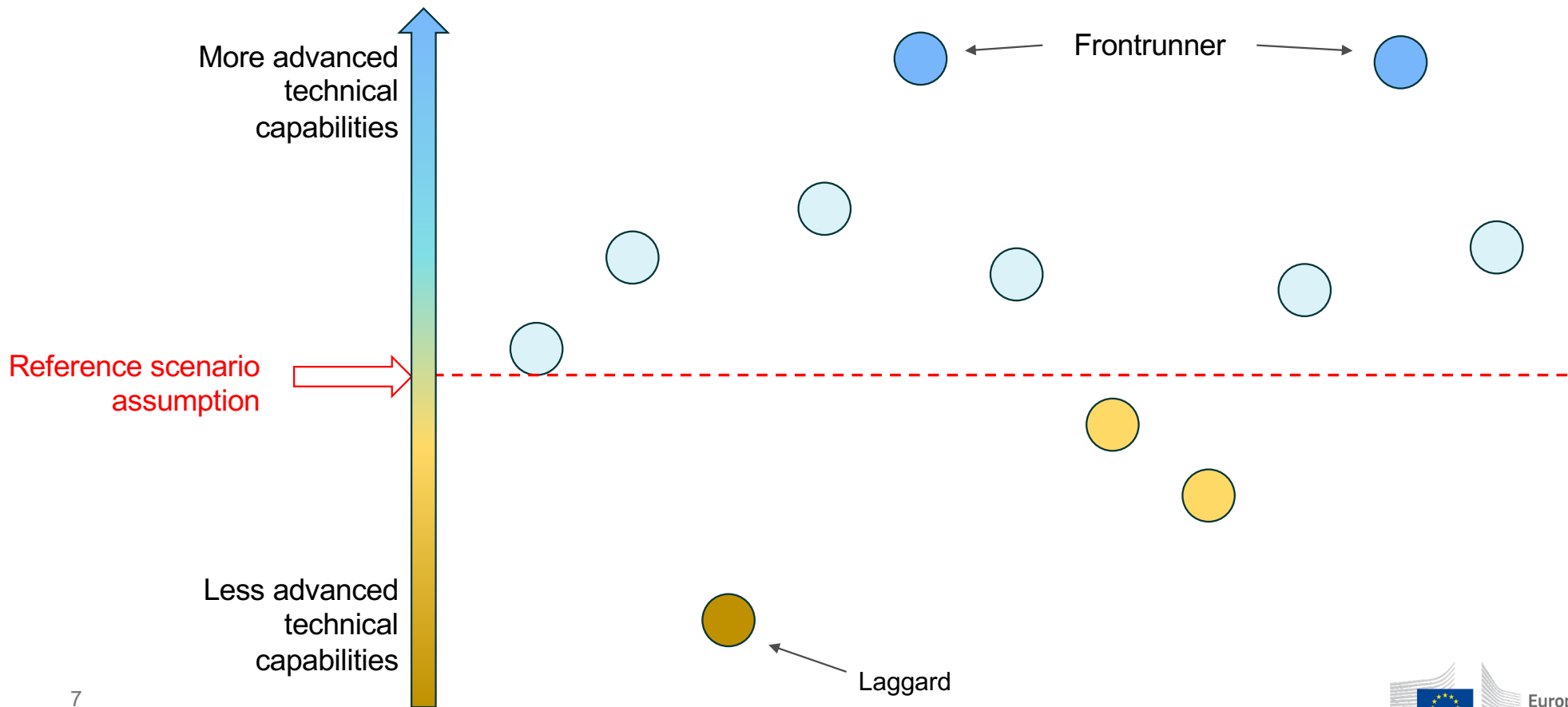
# Technical capabilities



# Heterogeneous technical capabilities (at present)



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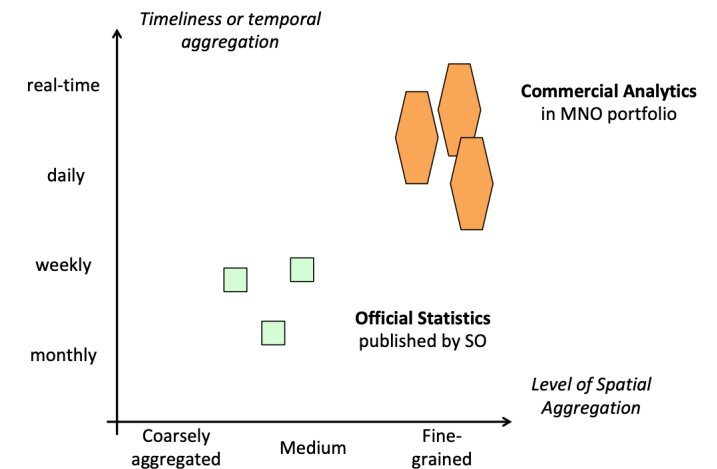
# NSI-MNO partnership and business model

- Financial compensation for MNO? In what form, how much, by whom...?
- Are new investment needed to comply with NSI requests? How to incentivise continuous improvements?
- What financial terms are “fair” given heterogeneity of MNO technical capabilities and past investments?
  - **Not a task of this project to provide answers, but ...**
  - ... the **project results enable and provide a base for starting the discussion ...** (to be conducted in other parallel and future activities)
  - ... insofar the methodology and quality framework developed in the project represent a concrete and detailed specification of what exactly is requested/expected by MNOs (without that, the discussion on financial aspects could not even start)



# Definition of statistical indicators

- Official Statistics vs. commercial statistics
  - The publication of official statistics will “compete” with commercial statistics in the same domain? Or rather reinforce the market demand thereof as in freemium(\*) model?
  - Answer depends on the specification of official statistics indicators
- Related issue: EU vs national specifications
  - EU-level specifications are **prescriptive** or **inspirational**?
  - Are statistical indicators to be defined «strongly» at ESS level, with some customisation at national level, or to be defined mostly at national level, based on generic ESS templates
- *Points for discussion within the TF MNO*



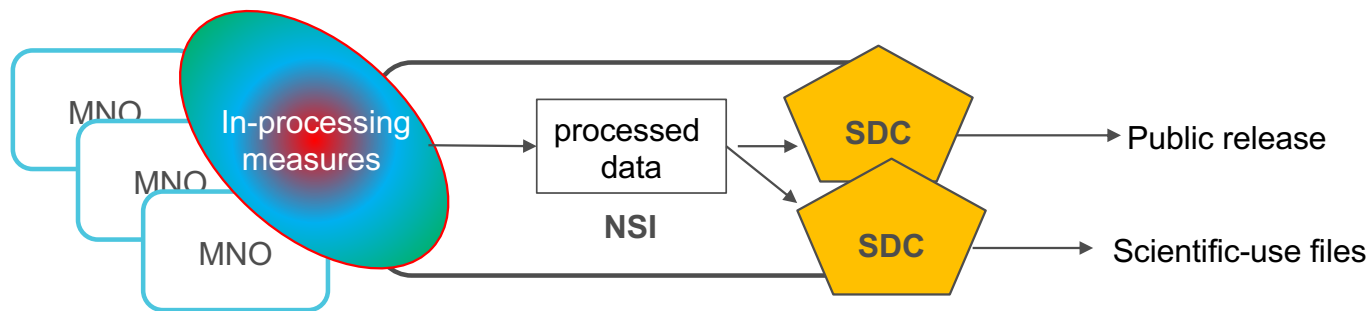
(\*) see: DGINS 2018 paper Processing of Mobile Network Operator data for Official Statistics: the case for public-private partnerships <https://zenodo.org/records/10246468>

# Pipeline governance

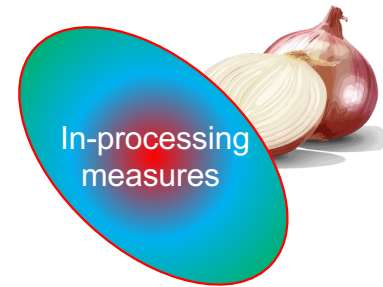
- How to maintain the methodological pipeline?
- There will be proposals for improving/changing/adding parts of the pipeline (methods, use-cases, etc.)
- Who decides which proposals are onboarded in (the next version of) the methodological pipelines? Based on what criteria?
  - E.g. dedicated ESS committee / TF MNO?
- *Point for discussion within the TF MNO*

# Data protection

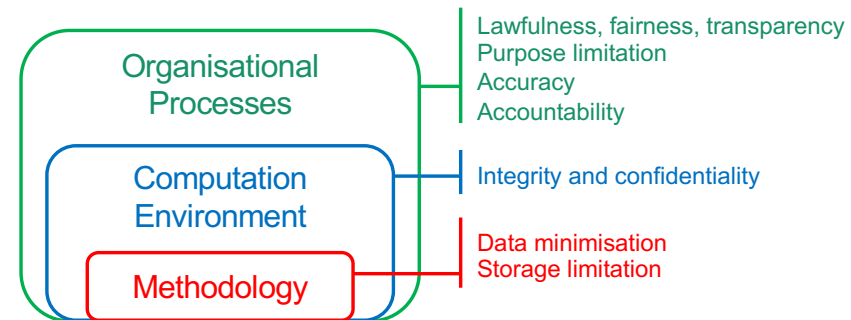
- Current practice very heterogeneous across MNOs
  - Persistence of individual pseudonyms: 24 hours, 1 day, 3 months, several years ...
  - Suppression of small aggregate values based on k-anonymity: different values of k, different points of application along the workflow, ...
- Establishing a common methodology enables **establishing a common set of data protection measures**, consistent with the proposed methodology.
  - Distinguish measures at **processing** stage (data protection engineering) and Statistical Disclosure Control (SDC) before **dissemination**



# Data protection

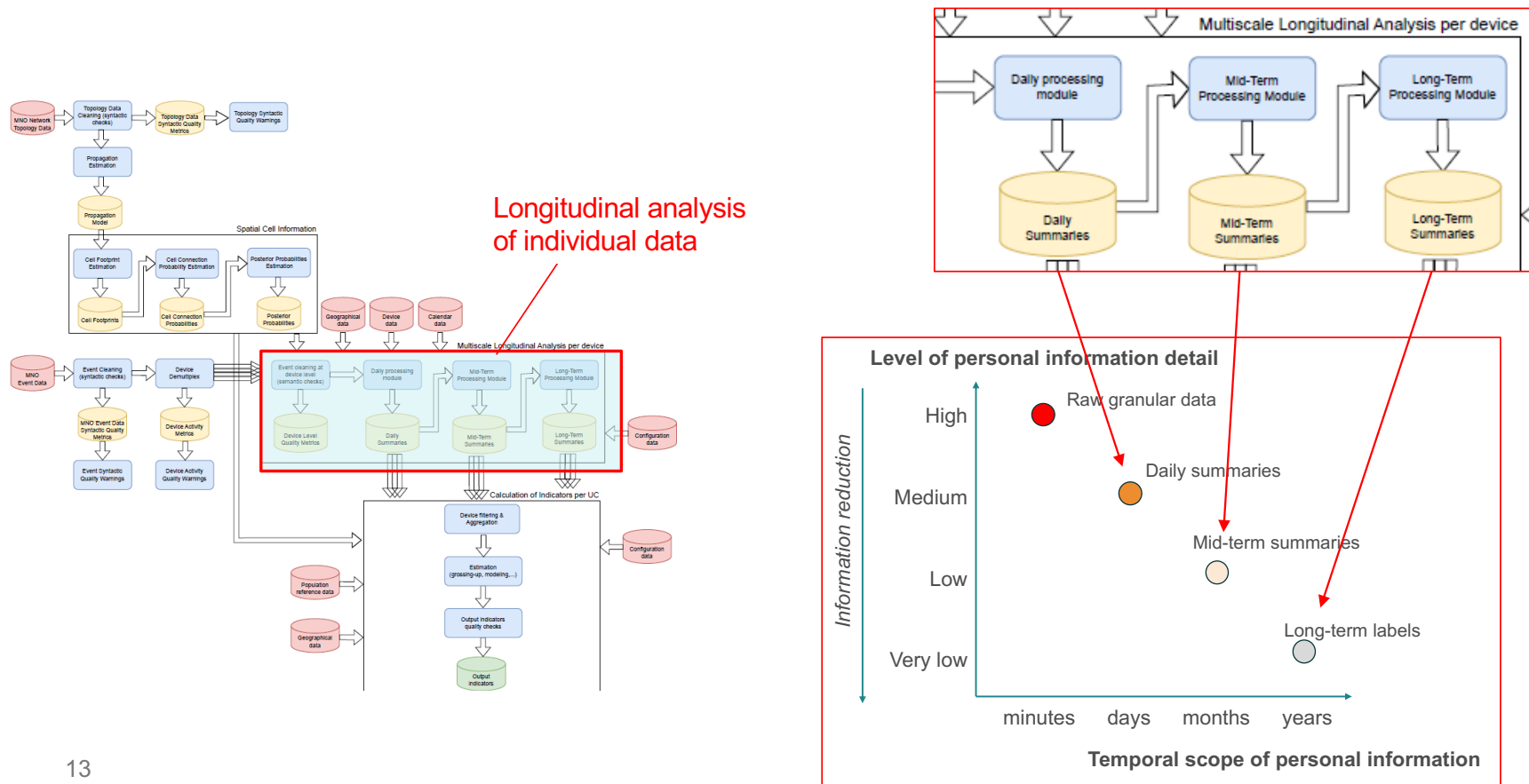


- SDC methods on final indicators: not in the project scope
- In-processing data protection measures: onion-layered approach
  - Organisational environment
  - Computation environment
  - Methodology



- Natural mapping of GDPR principles to each layer
- Methodology layer is (the only one) in the project scope

# Data minimisation & Storage minimisation by [methodological] design



# Data protection: supplementary measures

- Data minimisation and Storage minimisation *by methodological design* within longitudinal analysis module
  - Individual data remain inside safe computation environment at MNO premise
    - *If* micro-data linkage will be needed for some use-cases, it should be implemented with support of strong Privacy-Enhancing Technologies (PET)
  - Further supplementary Technical and Organisational Measures (TOM) may be added, preferably defined at EU level
    - *Short-term pseudonymisation (for commercial purposes) can be reconciled with long-term integration (exclusively for official statistics purpose) via PET(\*)*
- (\*) see e.g. Eurostat project <https://cros.ec.europa.eu/estat-2019-0232>
- Specification of (proposed) methodological workflow enables discussion with EU data protection authorities

# Inter-MNO fusion 1/2

Intra-MNO processing (focus of D2.1) vs Inter-MNO fusion (added in D2.2)

Main issues for inter-MNOs fusions:

1. Domestic indicators: combination of aggregate data (from intra-MNO processing) across multiple MNOs in the same country.
  - Issue: double-counting of people with multiple devices
  - Mitigation: correction factors in estimation stage (→ MNO-MINDS)
  - *De-duplication based on joint processing of micro-data (long-term similarity of trajectories indicate same perso) excluded due to personal data protection, could be considered as option for future extension in combination with advanced PET solution*

# Inter-MNO fusion 2/2

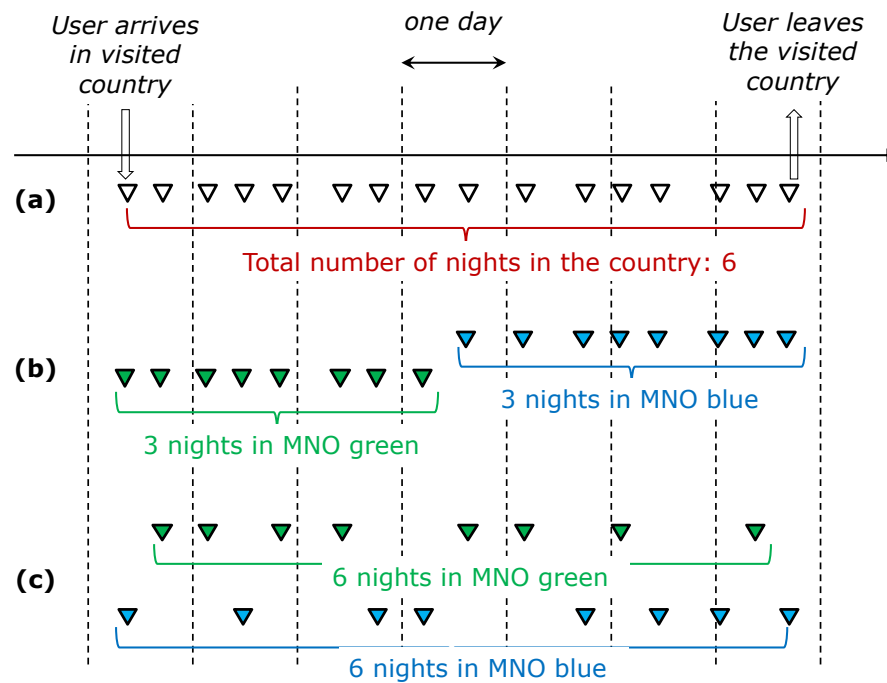
Main issues for inter-MNOs fusions:

2. Cross-roaming abroad: mobile device homed in country X may be roaming across multiple MNOs in visited country Y
  - Issue: the individual “trajectory” is split across multiple visited MNO introduces noise in the indicators computed based on partial views
  - **Approach A: fusion of micro-data** for inbound roamers across visited MNOS (with PET), then joint processing
  - **Approach B. combination of aggregate data** obtained from intra-MNO processing based on partial views
  - A vs B: trade-off between accuracy and data protection burden
  - Accuracy gain/loss depends on specific indicator → **ongoing empirical analysis**



# Example

- Target indicator: number of people spending at least 4 nights abroad



Joint view (micro-data fusion): this user contributes +1

Sum of partial views: this user contributes 0 (under-estimation)

Sum of partial views: this user contributes +2 (over-estimation)

# Inter-MNO fusion: issues *not* considered in the current project

Not considered:

- Domestic roaming (we assume it can be neglected)
- Mirror statistics – not really a “fusion” but merely a comparison of indicators
- Fusion of micro-data from Home MNO and Visited MNOs to gain better spatial resolution – left for future follow-up project
  - Example: instead of e.g.
    - “# of Germans visiting **Toulouse**” (Visited MNO view, inbound)
    - or “# of **Berlin** residents visiting France” (Home MNO view, outbound)
    - to “# of **Berlin** residents visiting **Toulouse**” (merged view)

# Thank you



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